Chart of Accounts

Your business chart of accounts is a necessary part of your financial controls. While it varies from business type to business type, much of the format and information is the same. It is comprised of a list of each account that is tracked by your financial accounting system.

Before one can be set up, you must know what accounts you will be using in your business. Give some thought to your business before you assign account names and numbers. Determine what is the lowest level of detailed information that will be useful in the managing of your business. For example, most businesses want to know what they spend on office supplies, but would not be interested in any levels below that would include paper clips, pens, rubber bands, pencils, etc. Keeping track of detailed information is very tedious, and you will need specialized software to assist you.

Just remember that only the information recorded with each account name and number will be tracked and become part of your permanent financial records.

The chart of accounts is divided into categories as follows:

- Asset accounts
- Liability accounts
- Equity accounts
- Revenue accounts
- Direct Expense or Cost of Goods Sold accounts
- Indirect Expense accounts
- Other Revenue accounts (interest income, etc.)
- Other Expense accounts (income taxes, etc.)

Here is a sample breakdown of a chart of accounts:

CURRENT ASSETS

100 Cash in bank 104 Inventory—Work in Progress

102 Petty Cash account 105 Accounts Receivable

103 Inventory 106 Prepayments

PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

110 Land 116 Accumulated Depreciation, office

111 Buildings 117 Equipment—Manufacturing

112 Accumulated Depreciation, 118 Accumulated Depreciation—

buildings Manufacturing Equipment

113 Vehicles 119 Leasehold Improvements

114 Accumulated Depreciation, vehicles 120 Accumulated Amortization—

115 Equipment, office

Leasehold Improvements

OTHER ASSETS

180 Deposits

CURRENT LIABILITIES

200 Current Notes Payable 202 Accrued Expenses

201 Accounts Payable 203 Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes

Withheld

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

210 Notes Payable 225 Vehicles Payable

215 Land Payable 230 Bank Loans Payable

220 Equipment Payable

EQUITY

300 Common Stock

300 Retained Earnings

REVENUE

400 Sales Category #1 403 Interest Income

401 Sales Category #2 404 Other Income

402 Sales Category #3

DIRECT EXPENSE ACCOUNTS (COST OF GOODS SOLD)

601 Product #1 Costs 608 Salaries and Wages

602 Product #2 Costs 609 Contract Labor

603 Product #3 Costs 610 Freight

604 Raw Material Purchases 611 Inventory Adjustments

605 Direct Labor Costs 612 Purchase Returns and Allowances

606 Commissions 613 Purchase Discounts

607 Misc. Factory Costs

INDIRECT EXPENSE ACCOUNTS (OVERHEAD COSTS)

711 Amortization—Leasehold 727 Dues and Subscriptions

Improvements 728 Legal Fees

712 Repairs and Maintenance 729 Postage

713 Taxes and Licenses 730 Office Supplies

714 Rent 731 Research and Development

715 Utilities 732 Insurance

716 Telephone 733 Vehicle Expense

717 Equipment Rental 734 Meals and Entertainment

718 Expendable Equipment 734 Wages and Salaries

719 Repairs and Maintenance 735 Vacation

720 General Supplies 736 Holidays

721 Travel 737 Sick Leave

722 Consultants 738 Payroll Taxes

724 Training 739 401(k) Plan

725 Advertising

740 Group Insurance

OTHER ACCOUNTS

801 Interest Income 803 Interest Expense

802 Gain or Loss on Sale of Assets 804 Income Taxes